

# MOOSE JAW TIMES.

VOL. VIII.—NO. 6.

MOOSE JAW, N. W. T., FRIDAY, AUGUST 14, 1896.

\$1.50 PER ANNUM.

## BUSINESS CARDS.

Under this head Business Cards not exceeding one inch, ten dollars per annum.

**W. M. GRAYSON, Barrister, Advocate,**  
Conveyancer, Notary Public, Etc.  
Office Main St. Moose Jaw, N. W. T.  
Agent for the Canada Northwest Land Company, Limited, and the Trustees of Moose Jaw Town Site.

**J. G. GORDON, Barrister, Advocate,**  
etc. Agent for the Manitoba and North West Land Co. Office, High St. Moose Jaw, N. W. T.

**T. C. JOHNSTONE, Barrister, Solicitor, Advocate, etc.**  
Office: Cor. South Ry. & Rose Sts., Regina.

**A. R. TURNBULL, M.D., C.M.**  
Office in Boile's block, cor. Main and River streets.

**D. R. P. F. SIZE, L.D.S., M.R.C.D.S., SURGEON DENTIST,**  
Will visit Moose Jaw the 29th and 30th of each month.  
Regina office open from 18th to 29th of each month.

**H. McDOUGALL, Registrar, Moose Jaw**  
District, for Births, Marriages and Deaths.

**W. J. BROTHERTON, watch expert.**  
Graduate of the American Horological Society. Special attention given to repairing and adjusting railroad watches.  
Office, South Railway St., Regina.

**J. A. MACDONALD, GENERAL BLACKSMITH,**  
HIGH ST., MOOSE JAW.

**R-I-P-A-N-S.**  
ONE GIVES RELIEF.

**O. B. FYSH, Auctioneer & Valuator.**

Orders for Auction Sales or Bailiffs work left at office, Town Hall block, will receive prompt attention.

**JNO. BRASS, Tin & Sheet Iron Worker.**

MAIN STREET, - - MOOSE JAW.

**- NOTICE -**

ALL ACCOUNTS and notes not paid in or settled in a satisfactory way before the end of August, will be placed in suit for collection.

**E. Simpson & Co.**

**Octavius : Field**

Wholesale Dealer and Importer of

**WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.**

Having just received the last direct importation for the season, my stock is now complete in both imported and domestic goods, consisting of the choicest brands of Irish, Scotch and Rye Whiskies, Brandies, London Old Tom and Holland Gins, Rums, Ports, Sherries, Champagnes, Claret, Sauternes, Burgundies, Ginger and Native Wines, Liqueurs and Bitters, Foss' Ale and Guinness' Stout, Cigars, Cigarettes, Etc. Terms Spot Cash. Orders by mail receive prompt attention. Business hours from 8 to 10 o'clock.

**WAGHOAN'S GUIDE TO TRAVEL AND BUSINESS 50c**

## WANTED.

Wanted for this season's operations, a first class engineer to run a steam thrashing (traction) engine. Wages guaranteed. First-class references required. Apply to R. Moore, Box 1, Moose Jaw. 5-7

## WANTED AT ONCE.

Active agents for each county. Exclusive control and no risk. Will clear from 12 to 25 hundred dollars a year. Enclose stamp for full particulars or 25 cents for \$1 sample. BIG RAPIDS MINERAL WATER CO., Big Rapids, Mich. 5-13

## STRAYED.

Strayed on to my premises, about the last of June, one red heifer about one year old. No marks excepting a little white under each flank. Owner can have same by proving property and paying expenses. D. McILLAN, Moose Jaw. 3-5

## POUND NOTICE.

Impounded on the 25th of July, one bay mare about six years old, white strip on face to point of nose, about 15 hands high, no brand. If not claimed in 30 days the same will be sold according to law. JAS. McCLELLAND, Poundkeeper, Sec. 12, Tp. 17, Rg. 26, Moose Jaw post office. 6-8

## Help Wanted—Female!

**WORK FOR MEN AND WOMEN.** We pay \$6 to \$10 per week for easy home work. Child can do it. No Scheme, Books or Peddling. This is bona fide. Send stamp for work and particulars at once. THE SEYMOUR SUPPLY CO., Masonic Temple, Camden, N.J. 45-15

## \$5 REWARD!

Lost between Moose Jaw and Pasqua, on trail past W. Hanna's house, on 25th of June, a hunting case sterling silver watch, copper hinges, small piece of black hair attached. Finder will receive five dollars reward by returning same to THE TIMES office, Moose Jaw. 6-9

## \$10.00 REWARD.

Strayed from Eyebrow Lake, 1 bay horse, about 16 hands high, branded A on shoulder. 1 bay mare, about 4 years old, no marks, 2 bay colts, apparently 1 and 2 years old. Anybody returning same to the undersigned, will receive the above reward. Jas. McCoy, Moose Jaw. 6-11

## STRAYED.

Strayed from Francis & Sylvain's herd, between July 3rd and 10th, one bay gelding about one year old, small square white spot on forehead, and one bay filly, two years old, large round white spot on forehead. Any information leading to their recovery will be thankfully received by W. J. HALLIDAY, Moose Jaw. 5-15

## MORTGAGE SALE OF VALUABLE Farm Property.

By virtue of a mortgage made by Robert H. Riddell to the British Canadian Loan and Investment Co. (Ltd.) pursuant to the order of the Honorable Mr. Justice Richardson, there will be offered for sale by public auction by O. B. FYSH, Auctioneer, at the Ottawa Hotel, in the town of Moose Jaw, on Monday, 7th of September, 1896, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, the following property, viz: The south-west quarter of Section number Eighteen (18), in Township 15, Range 26, West of the Second Meridian, in the District of Assiniboia, in the North West Territories of Canada. The property will be offered at an upset price to be named at the time of sale. For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to

**W. M. GRAYSON,**  
Moose Jaw, N. W. T.  
Auctioneer.  
Dated 12th August, 1896. 6-9

## MORTGAGE SALE OF VALUABLE Farm Property.

Pursuant to the order and direction of the Honorable Mr. Justice Richardson, and under and by virtue of the powers contained in a certain registered mortgage made in pursuance of the Territories Real Property Act and amendments thereto, which mortgage will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction by O. B. FYSH, Esquire, Auctioneer, at the Ottawa Hotel in the Town of Moose Jaw, on Saturday, 29th day of August 1896, at two o'clock in the afternoon, the following property, viz: South-east quarter of Section 30, Township 19, Range 26, west of the Second Principal Meridian; and a frame house, a stable and about eighty acres of cultivated land upon the south-west quarter of Section 1, Township 15, Range 26, west of the Second Principal Meridian. Terms: One third of purchase money at time of sale, the balance to remain at the option of the purchaser on a mortgage extending over five years, to be repaid in equal consecutive yearly payments. For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to

**HAMILTON & ROBSON,**  
Barristers,  
Regina  
Or to  
**W. M. GRAYSON,**  
Barrister,  
Moose Jaw,  
Dated 5th August, 1896. 5-7

## LUMBER

I am now unloading cars and prepared, with a full stock of lumber and building material to meet the requirements of the town and district.

Owing to the restricted credit of the past year being more disappointing than the "indiscriminate distribution" of former years, there will be no further.

## - CREDIT -

All accounts are now closed.

Prices will be kept low as possible and every effort made to serve the public.

**H. McDOUGALL.**

July 30th, 1896.

## Bicycles at Cost

Children's Carriages and Furniture at Greatly Reduced Prices.

## J. BELLAMY BIG BARGAINS

**W. R. CAMPBELL'S.**

We are selling the entire stock at cost. Don't fail to call and see the large stock yet on hand for you to pick from. All good new stock; just look at these goods: Heavy flannelette, 32 inch wide, 11 cents, now going at 8 cents; good flannelette, 7 cents, now going at 6 cents; also a good line of towels from 18 cents to 40 cents per pair; a special full line of men's duck for pants from 18 cents upward; a special line of ginghams from 8 cents; Good heavy winter quilts for double bed, \$1.40; thick heavy white honey combed quilts 90 cents; special line of cotton, 13 cents; dress flannels, 7 cents and upwards; men's underwear 25 cents per piece, men's linen collars, 9 cents; men's collared shirts 13 cents; black cashmere, double width, 21 cents per yard; marble table oil cloth, 25 cents per yard; ladies' fine boots, \$1.15, \$1.65, \$1.35, \$1.65, and \$1.40; children's fine boots, 90 cents; spring heel 95 cents, low shoe 70 cents; men's heavy boots, one piece, \$1.48, \$1.38 and \$1.26; men's fine gaiter boots \$1.68, lace, \$1.63 and \$1.60. Special cheap line in shovels, spades, hoes, garden rakes, forks, all kinds, granite and tinware, paints, oils, stoves, etc. Perfume, etc. All kinds of groceries going at cost. 125 sacks of flour at cost—Strong Baker, Lillie, Patent, Hungarian; also ready made clothing of all kinds. Now is the time to give us a call when goods and prices will speak for themselves. Full line of all kinds of cutlery, also special full line of cigars, pipes, etc. Piano and organs going at cost, also one No. 7 Taylor safe at cost. Store, house and lot; house and lot and two vacant lots; one lot, house and stable. For Sale—One horse, one phaeton, one cutter, one delivery wagon and one delivery sleigh. A full kit of tin-smith tools, and one milch cow for sale at a bargain.

**W. R. CAMPBELL.**

## Champions of America.

Winnipeg possesses the championship four oared boat crew in America. They won at Minnetonka; they won at Brookville, and on Wednesday they won against the pick of America at Saratoga by 9 boat lengths.

## The New Deputy Sheriff.

The resignation of Deputy Sheriff Alex. Brechin, which was handed in a short time ago, has been accepted, and early this week Mr. Ben. Fletcher received the appointment to fill the vacancy. Mr. Fletcher will no doubt make a good Deputy, as he is well acquainted with the district, and will be always found where duty calls him. There were several other prominent citizens after the sit, but in this—as in the Democratic nomination across the line—the dark horse won the race.

## Methodist Picnic.

The teachers, officers and children of the Methodist Sunday School, held their annual picnic in the valley of the Moose Jaw, on Friday afternoon last. The weather was all that could be desired during the afternoon, but toward evening it began to get cloudy and commenced to rain a little, and consequently the picnicers were obliged to return to town a little earlier than they would otherwise have done. The general attendance was quite as large, if not larger, than in former years, and the little ones were out in full force. The usual picnic games were the order of the day, a very closely contested nail driving competition being the most interesting event. One feature of the picnic was the unique way in which the youngsters were transported to and from the grounds. A large square built hayrack was nicely decorated with small trees, which completely closed in the sides, and nearly meeting at the top, formed and artificial grove which afforded ample shelter from the sun. In this get up about 65 youngsters were crowded, and no doubt the drive was—with the exception of the dinner—the most enjoyable part of the day with them.

## Dean Grisdale Chosen.

The Anglican Synod convened to appoint a Bishop for the Diocese of Qu'Appelle, opened, in St. Paul's church, Regina, on Tuesday morning. Many delegates were in attendance and were hospitably entertained by the citizens of the Capital. The opening session took place at 10 a.m. in the morning, when holy communion and matins were celebrated by the Lord Bishop of Athabasca, who preached a sermon from Eph. 3: 21. The Synod was formerly opened at 2 o'clock in the afternoon by the Archbishop of Rupert's Land. The very reverend prolocutor and Archdeacon Cooper, D. D., deputy prolocutor. The voting for the election of a Bishop was taken with closed doors, and lasted all day, and resulted in the election of Dean Grisdale to fill the vacancy. The Qu'Appelle Clergy voted against this nomination. Tuesday evening His Honor Lieutenant Governor and Mrs. Mackintosh held a reception at the Government House, when the clergy and others attending the Synod, met His Grace the Archbishop and their Lordships the Bishops.

## The Employees' Picnic.

The C.P.R. employees of the Moose Jaw division have arranged for an excursion and picnic, to take place on or about the 28th inst. Some difficulty has been experienced in deciding where it should be held, as the farming community would prefer going to Indian Head, while that place has no particular attraction for townpeople. In order to overcome the difficulty, it has been decided to hold the picnic at Qu'Appelle and run the excursion train on to Indian Head, thus giving the farmers and others an opportunity of visiting the Experimental Farm. An excellent programme of sports is being prepared, to take place at Qu'Appelle, and a most enjoyable day is assured to all those who take advantage of this event. The entire proceeds will be devoted to a most worthy object, namely, the re-establishment of the C.P.R. library, which was destroyed by fire about two years ago, and for this reason it should be well patronized, especially by the citizens of Moose Jaw, who no doubt miss the privileges formerly afforded them by that institution. In order that all may be able to attend we would suggest that the Mayor proclaim the date fixed for the excursion a civic holiday. The rates, time table and other information will be given in our next issue.

## A Fatal Fall.

Mr. Phillip Abbott, assistant solicitor of the Wisconsin Central railroad, who was one of the members of the Boston Appalachian Club, unfortunately met his death while climbing mountains in British Columbia last week. Mr. Abbott was one of the best mountain climbers in America. He was making a very hazardous ascent when he slipped and fell over a precipice. As he fell he struck a projection of rock about fifty feet below the point from which he fell. This encounter probably caused his death, or a least rendered him unconscious. The total fall was fully one thousand feet, and great difficulty was experienced in getting near the body. The private car with the relatives of deceased on board was taken south with the remains over the Soo line from this place on Saturday.

## Prof. Robertson Interviewed.

Prof. Robertson, Agricultural and Dairy Commissioner, has returned east from Manitoba and the North-West Territories. To a representative of *The Globe* he said the country looked particularly well to the eye of the tourist. The frequent rains have caused a luxuriant growth of grass and flowers on the prairie, but in many districts there has been too much rain for the cultivation and growth of grain crops. However, no Province or people can expect to have everything good and favorable every year. The progress of Manitoba and the North-West is substantial and wonderful. Notwithstanding the drawbacks they have experienced, many farmers who took up land less than ten years ago with little or no means except a personal endowment of intelligence, industry and courage, now live in comfortable dwellings, with from 150 to 250 acres under crop, besides owning from ten to fifty head of cattle and horses.

Mr. Robertson advocates government management of creameries only in the North West Territories now, where conditions still exist which seem to require the help of the Government along that line. Besides as there is no Provincial Government and as the Dominion Government is largely interested in the value and sale of land there, it is fitting that it should give the farmers who have gone there such help as is necessary to enable them to do well. The experience of our management of the creamery at Moose Jaw will show what I mean. A building there was erected by a joint stock company of farmers and business men. None of them had practical experience in creamery management. After the building was put up there was grave probabilities of its being left unused, as a monument for the discouragement of farmers in other sections, who might be disposed to try a joint stock creamery venture. When the Government took the management of the creamery in 1894, the farmers of the locality had confidence that it would be managed in such a way as to yield them the largest possible net returns out of their milk and cream. That year the turn over of the butter was a little over \$5,000 worth; last year the output amounted to \$10,000 worth; and this year the prospect is that it will amount to over \$15,000 worth. This season's output would have been nearly one-third larger than it is had it not been for the severity of the plague of mosquitoes and flies. This year the charge made by the Government of four cents per pound for manufacturing the butter will cover all expenses incurred and leave the sum of \$200 or more to be paid as rent to the shareholders of the company who own the building. In several localities where creameries were erected in 1894 by joint stock companies of farmers, who undertook to manage them, inexperience, want of capital, the lack of adequate commercial agencies for the safe and economical handling of the product, the absence of suitable storage accommodation and facilities for safe transportation to the market, caused so much dissatisfaction and loss that most of these creameries are now idle, or are being carried on with so little support from the farmers that loss is being entailed in the management.

He believes in the North West so thoroughly that he thinks its problems and difficulties need to be investigated in a thoroughly systematic way, probably by a special commission, in order that progress, settlement and development may be made along lines which may be followed year in and year out with the greatest measure of benefit to the settlers, the best test to the Government and the largest possible advantage to the whole Dominion of Canada.

## An Investigation.

An investigation is in progress at the North West government offices, Regina. As yet very little is known but it is stated that one of the matters is that the fines imposed by magistrates have not found their way to the Territorial funds.

## Bicycle Tournament.

Extensive preparations are being made for the Territorial bicycle meet, which is billed to take place at Medicine Hat, on Sept. 7th. The Territorial champions will compete in a half mile, a one mile, and a five mile race. The events will be supplemented by a full programme of races in which Manitoba wheelmen will try to keep pace with the North West flyers. Reduced rates have been obtained and it is expected that riders from all parts of the Territories and Manitoba will be in attendance. Valuable gold and silver medals, cups, etc., will be offered as prizes.

## Manitoba Labor Market.

The department of Agriculture of Manitoba has made a general estimate of the number of farm hands wanted to help in this year's harvesting. Reports have not been received from all townships, and making allowance for the districts where hail has injured the crops, in which no laborers will be required, and from which many farmers will go to other parts to earn something for themselves, there will still be required some 2,000 laborers. The districts in which most help is needed is from Portage la Prairie along the line of the C.P.R. to Verdun, and in the southwestern part of the province from Killarney westward to Melita, extending northwards to the main line of the C.P.R., with a good demand in the Neepawa district.

## Independent Foresters.

Last Friday evening Rev. A. McGillivray, of the Supreme Court of the Independent Order of Foresters, addressed a public meeting in the Moose Jaw town hall, on the aims and objects of the Order. The meeting was largely attended, and Mr. McGillivray's address was listened to with marked attention. He is on a tour over the C.P.R., paying fraternal visits to local societies, and incidentally explaining the workings and objects of the association.

To-day there are many fraternal and insurance societies, but the Independent Order of Foresters occupies a field left vacant by all others. It is fraternal but not a secret society. It is founded on the model of the Ancient Order of United Workmen with the purpose of giving fraternal benefits to all and offering insurance at a rate so moderate as to place the boon in the hands of everyone. The history of the order shows that it has had early financial difficulties. At the time of the Victoria disaster at London the leaders of the order were obliged to mortgage their possessions to pay the insurance on the lives of three victims. Since then, however, the order has enjoyed almost uninterrupted success, and now pays out over \$1,500 per day at the head office to beneficiaries. It has now a membership of over 65,000. Like other fraternal societies it meets with some opposition yet, from such opponents of secret societies as Dr. Parsons. Some stress should be laid upon the insurance plan of the Foresters. The officials of the order proved to the satisfaction of the House committee on insurance the safety of its methods, although the premiums collected are only about one-third of the premiums of old line companies. While of the 800 insurance companies organized in the past 40 years only 49 survived, only 2 of the 47 fraternal insurance companies had failed. Only promises of good character are eligible as members. Ladies are not eligible because the order is largely a business association.

## Caron.

The farmers in this district have smiling faces just now, caused no doubt by the fine rain on Tuesday, or on account of having a fire guard on both sides of the track. It is hard to tell which, but in either case they have cause to feel happy, for the fine rain secures plenty of moisture to fill the grain, and the fire guard protects them against the starting of prairie fires by the locomotives.

Mr. Chas. Young and Mr. Wm. Robinson were in Moose Jaw on Saturday, attending a meeting of the managers of the Methodist church, as delegates from Caron.

Samuel Flick had the misfortune to have his collar bone broken by an unruly cow some time ago.

A petition is being circulated to have Township 18, Range 29, west 2nd Meridian, added to the herd district to the east of it.

Mr. A. McKeown, has tendered for the construction of a bridge on Thunder Creek, between ranges 28 and 29.

Miss Jessie Rothwell, formerly teacher in this school district, spent Sunday with Mrs. Powell.

R. S. Brown, of the C.P.R., spent a day in Moose Jaw this week.

Do not forget the revival services in the school house next week. Character is eligible.

Quite a number of invitations are out for an "At Home," at the residence of Mrs. J. Campbell this week.

Look out! James, there may be some more black eyes. A Bohemite was seen winking his way east here on two occasions last week. He must be returning to his first love. HAYKED.



## BY M. L. CAVENDISH.

And then came their foolish, bitter quarrel—the quarrel that began in so little and ended in so much. Both lost the temper, began finding, and when Lois, with anger on her face, her cheeks aflame, pointed to the door and said "Go," Dave had not waited for a second bidding. That was in October, 1922, and he never came back. He had never grown old, and since then the Harding homestead. After their first anger was over Lois and Dave seemed outwardly friendly, they bowed and waved to each other on the street when they passed, and they called on the neighbors' houses, they were charmingly polite. But the old comradeship was completely gone, and Dave realized it.

He finished up his musings with a

Experiments made with live guinea-pigs show that the Rontgen rays destroy the germs of diphtheria.

Sing a song of cleaning house!

A linen closet should have shelves broad enough to hold folded bed and table linen, with a little room to spare.

And he regaled her with its phrases flat;  
But now, alas! their honeymoon is done —  
He ended it by calling her "old cat!"

From the village of Coombe Bay, which

markable woman. She is nearly 91 years of age. She has just cut her third set of teeth, and eighteen months ago her snowy white hair began to change color, and is now a glossy dark brown.

The old minister closed the

A frigate bird can remain an entire week on the wing, without stepping to rest.



## PRACTICAL FARMING.

### FOR QUICKEST RETURNS IN ORCHARDING.

"From all accounts it would appear that the present season will witness the planting of a largely-increased area of fruit trees, the greater part of which will, of course, be apple trees," says a writer in Country Gentleman.

"This, I think, is a wise move, for the fruit industry is not likely to be overdone in this generation increased demand keeping well ahead of an increased supply. Then, too, it is to be remembered that thousands upon thousands of old orchards are passing their days of usefulness so that large plantings are needed each year simply to maintain the existing status of our orchards.

"The planting of an apple orchard is a building of hopes for the future, for one cannot expect to reap any great returns for many years, while, in the intervening time of waiting for returns, continued labor and plant food must be expended on the trees. They must be fertilized, and the land on which they are planted must be well cultivated and cropped if at all, with great caution, that the trees be not robbed of the plant food in the soil. But it all pays in the end.

"However, there is a way to get quicker returns from orcharding. If one objects to the waiting that apple trees demand, I refer them to the planting of dwarf winter pears. When the pear is grafted upon the quince, the result is a dwarf tree that comes so quickly into bearing that many trees can be planted in the same space before they leave the nurseryman's hands. These trees can be planted from eight to ten feet apart each way, greatly economizing space and making the cost of cultivating the land materially less. Trees can be obtained at the nurseries for three to four feet in height at from \$5 to \$12 per 100, and these trees in a very few years should be producing good crops of pears.

"In some parts of the country it may pay to plant an orchard of dwarf pears for full fruit, choosing for the purpose such sorts as the Bartlett, Clapp's Favorite, Margaret, Duchess, Howell and Seckle, but ordinarily in most localities the supply of summer and fall fruit will be found so abundant that the markets are apt to be overstocked and prices very low, though here, as in every other branch of farming, fine quality will win a place for itself, even in an overstocked market.

"It will be found much the safer plan, however, to make plantings of winter pears, with the fruit type, as the market is in shape to make consignments with profit for winter planting, perhaps no better selection could be made than to select the finest varieties, planted in alternate rows, since cross-fertilization seems to give better assurance of a crop of pears than where the same varieties are planted in these two varieties as good as to be found in the catalogue of winter pears, and perhaps they may with truth be termed the very best, and the most productive considered. Both varieties can be held for the holiday markets, or even a month or more beyond that time, if it is desired to store them.

"For quick and profitable returns in orcharding, I do not think that there is more wisely than to set out such an orchard of dwarf pear trees as I have described, but before beginning such a venture, one should be sure of wisdom to resolve on clean cultivation for years after the trees are set. Many have an idea that a circle of weeds kept well down will do the trick, but while this is better than not close up to the trees, it is hardly sufficient to secure the rapid development of the trees. One has only to try the two plans side by side to be convinced. Roots run out much farther from the tree trunk than is commonly supposed, and it is the little roots at the ends that do the greater part of the feeding.

"The method of the highest value to have the soil mellow and rich where these little rootlets are at work. Plow up the soil from the tree trunks to the edge of the circle, and then set and keep it up. This is the only satisfactory way to get a young orchard into quick bearing.

"Quick returns in orcharding can also doubtless be secured by planting the new Japanese plums, but one must be sure of his market in this case. He cannot list all fruit and the man whose crop is winter pears, while his choice of a market, as regards distance, is much more circumscribed with plums than it would be with long-keeping varieties of pears.

### A GOOD FARM GATE.

I send description of a farm gate, cheaply and easily made, strong and not apt to sag, writes a subscriber. I have made several for myself and am well pleased with them. The hinge piece is a 4 foot 6 inches long, 3 1/2 inches, rounded at the ends, and hinged to prevent splitting. It is 3 1/2 inches in diameter and about 5 inches long is inserted in each end about 3 inches; the lower rod or pivot should have a flange welded on 1 1/2 inches long and 3 inches wide on its upper surface, so that its upper surface will be level with the ground. In its upper surface mortise a hole about 2 inches square and 1 1/4 inches deep; in the bottom of this hole lay a piece of an old buggy spring, 2 inches long, on its place a blank 7-inch nut. This will be a step for the gate to be pivoted. Set the gate in the step; take a piece of plank about 8 inches long, 4 inches wide, 6 inches from one end, put the plank on the top and pivot and spike it securely to top of gate post. The gate swings in either direction, and does not pull on the post so hard as if hung on hinges.

**AN IMPORTANT POINT.**  
Council—Did you observe anything particular about the prisoner?  
Witness—Yes; his whiskers.  
Council—What did you observe with reference to his whiskers?  
Witness—That he had none.

**A SMALL ONE.**  
That was a poor specimen of a dog the dog-catcher carried off in his wagon.  
Yes; hardly sixteen ounces to the pound.

**erit**  
Is what gives Hood's Sarsaparilla its great popularity and constantly increasing sales. It perfectly and permanently cures catarrh, skin eruptions, rheumatism, in fact all blood diseases.

"Before my husband began using Hood's Sarsaparilla he was nervous and scarcely any apples, but when he had taken it a week he felt better, and by the time he had taken one bottle he was entirely well." Mrs. G. A. PARKMAN, Mendon, Mass. Remember

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**  
Is the One True Blood Purifier. 50¢ per Bottle.  
Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 cents.

crop for hay and plow under the stubble only. To save crimson clover seed, the crop should be allowed to stand until half or two-thirds of the head is brown, and a part of the seed is ripe. As all of the seed cannot be saved, it is best to cut before it gets too ripe. Cut early in the morning or during moonlight nights, while wet with dew. So soon as the dew is off stop cutting. A self-raking reaper is best. If you have not one, use a mower, running a horse-drawn behind, or horse or stand the crop as soon as dry, taking care to haul while the dew is on, so as to lose as little seed as possible. If stacked, cover with canvas or boards to keep out the rain. If this is not done, many seeds will sprout in the stalk. It will pay to take extra precautions to secure a crop of prime seed this season, as the wonderful qualities of this plant have now become so widely known that the market is good.

### MAKING BIBLES.

30,000 Turned Out Every Week in One Establishment at Oxford, England.

A single concern, the celebrated Oxford Press, in the university town of Oxford, England, actually manufactures and disposes of 20,000 volumes of the Scriptures a week, or upward of 1,000,000 a year. A further interesting fact that is worth remembering is that, in all probability, the name of no living man appears in so many volumes as does that of Mr. Henry Provide, who has been publisher of the university for more than twenty years.

The making of a Bible has a romance all its own. And there are no other printing works in the world that can turn out Bibles, or, indeed, works of any sort, with the wonderful system, completeness and perfection of detail that is employed by this same Oxford Press.

Enormous have been the profits of this Oxford Press, merely from the sale of Bibles. Out of the large revenues obtained in this way the establishment has been able to undertake the publication of many important and valuable technical works that would not have been paid for by themselves. The works where Bibles are made are particularly remarkable from the fact that in them

### EVERY DETAIL

of the manufacture of the book is carried on upon the premises, with one solitary exception, that of binding and gilding, which is done in London. The establishment has its own paper mill, a quaint old building at Wolvercote, two miles east of Oxford, and a variety of different papers are made, some of the finest in the world, among the number, including the Oxford "In-Letter" paper, which is a masterpiece of art. The establishment has never been equalled and the secret of whose manufacture is known to but three people. The Oxford Press has its own type foundry, the oldest in England.

The frequent use of arbitrary signs and curious characters in the books this establishment issues makes necessary an immense amount of hand setting, all of which is done to perfection. Even the lead for the foundries is prepared on the premises. Though the antimony and tin are brought in the state required, in a building near by the ink is mixed and carefully tested with such a degree of accuracy that not even the smallest letter ever blurred or smudged.

Representing the Oxford Bible is a mighty task, for it is a matter of pride that no mistakes shall occur. Not only are Bibles of ordinary size and form issued from here, but curiosities as well, such as the very large Bibles, the Bibles, finger and thumb pre-print books, the very finest of types.

One curious feature which indicates the amount of precision with which these sacred books are prepared is the various pages and the columns thereof have to begin with

**THE SAME WORD.**  
no matter what type is used. In the proof each Bible is read over and over again for the detection of errors, a Bible set in minute type, say with nonpareil edition, and then with a brevier edition, and so on.

When the pages are stereotyped the book is read over again. If an error happens that the sheets are gone over a dozen times before they are sent to be bound. Any employee who detects a printer's error is well rewarded by a guinea. This care bears average good results that the yearly average of mistakes detected is but five.

The printed sheets are dried in a hot room, in which dry air is driven round by a large circular fan. From four to six tons of printed sheets a day are sent to the bindery.

The skins of upward of 70,000 animals are used yearly to cover Oxford Bibles. 400,000 sheets of gold leaf are required to letter the lacks of the volumes.

At the Oxford Press ordinary rate of speed it takes a fortnight to turn out an edition, but if necessary the work can be done in an extraordinary short space of time.

**erit**  
Council—Did you observe anything particular about the prisoner?  
Witness—Yes; his whiskers.  
Council—What did you observe with reference to his whiskers?  
Witness—That he had none.

**A SMALL ONE.**  
That was a poor specimen of a dog the dog-catcher carried off in his wagon.  
Yes; hardly sixteen ounces to the pound.

**erit**  
Is what gives Hood's Sarsaparilla its great popularity and constantly increasing sales. It perfectly and permanently cures catarrh, skin eruptions, rheumatism, in fact all blood diseases.

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**  
Is the One True Blood Purifier. 50¢ per Bottle.  
Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 cents.

# Scott's Emulsion

looks like cream  
flows like cream  
tastes almost like cream

It feeds your strength  
as cream would feed it  
if you could assimilate it. You can assimilate Scott's Emulsion.

### A NEW LEASE OF LIFE.

How a Cumberland Co., N. S. Man Obtained It.

A Sufferer From Acute Dyspepsia and a Complication of Troubles Following an Attack of the Grippe—He Was Forced to Quit Business and Was Hopelessly Discouraged When Help Came.

From the Amherst, N.S. Sentinel.

Mr. Charles Tucker, who lives about two miles from Lockport, is one of the best known men in that section. He is engaged in business as a lobster packer and dealer in flour and salt, and in addition has a fine farm. During the past three years Mr. Tucker has been an almost constant invalid, being the victim of a complication of troubles following a severe attack of the grippe. Recently he has been restored to his old time health and vigor, and he has learned that it took a more acute form, and to add to my distress my liver appeared not to perform its usual functions, and my heart troubled me greatly, and there were as well other complications which baffled the skill of four



doctors whom I successively called in in the hope of regaining my health. From the knees down my legs were as cold as ice; my bowels would not move, and I suffered great pain. My case went from bad to worse despite the medical treatment I was undergoing, and at last I got so bad that I was forced to give up business, and I could hardly eat anything, but little sleep at night, and as you will readily understand my condition became one of despair. My father urged me a several times to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a trial, but I was so discouraged that I had no further faith left in any medicine. However, more to please him than from any hope of beneficial results, I began the use of Pink Pills. The first effect was that I felt a little better, and the warmth and natural feeling began to return to my limbs, my bowels ceased to bloat, and with the continued use of the pills my appetite returned, I slept soundly at night, and the action of my heart again became normal. 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# THE TIMES

Published Every Friday.

Grayson Block, Main Street.  
Moose Jaw, N. W. T.

THE TIMES PRINTING CO.

Thos. Miller, Manager.

Subscription, \$1.50 per year.

Schedule of Advertising Rates on Application.

Advertisements of Wants, To Let, Lost, Found, etc., when under 1 inch, will be inserted for 50c.; subsequent insertions 25c. each.

All transient advertisements, such as By-Laws, Mortgage and Sheriff Sales, Assignments and also Government and Corporation notices, inserted once for 12c. per line; subsequent insertions 8c.—solid newspaper measurement.

## JOB PRINTING

Our job department is equipped with every appliance necessary for turning out first class work at shortest notice. Prices moderate.

The Moose Jaw Times.

"And what is writ, is writ—  
Would it were worthier!" —Byron.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 14, 1896.

## WHY IS IT?

We are not disposed to attack individuals or corporations. We fully realize the power of the press and only when public interest demands do we feel it our duty to interfere. Our attention has been called at different times to the C.P.R. dam at this point but we were assured that the Fisheries Inspector of the Territories was aware of the condition of affairs and was taking such steps as he considered necessary. Our attention has again been called to this matter, and from observation we are of opinion that the fish that pass the C.P.R. dam on the Moose Jaw creek will have to be provided with wings. If the object of the many hatcheries throughout the country is to meet this contingency then we can assure our farmer friends to the south, fish will be in abundance. Farmers have come for miles, slaughtered at the foot of the dam, and taken fish to their homes in bags full. The implements used have been from a net to a pitch fork. In fact when they struck the foot of the dam cue could shovel them out. The past spring the dam went out, with the result that those farmers south of Moose Jaw, who were obliged to come twelve or fifteen miles to the foot of the dam now have fish at their doors. After enjoying for the time the luxury of a meal on fresh fish, they naturally view with aversion the rebuilding of the obstruction on a worse principle even than the one that was washed out.

The interests of the C.P.R. should be the best interests of the people, and the interest of the Fisheries Inspector should be to perform his duty without fear or favor. If this dam is right and there is no provision for a passage of the fish, why is it?

## POLITICAL MARTYRS.

Notwithstanding the party onslaught made on Mr. Tarte, the Minister of Public Works, the independent journals of the country evidently see beyond the screen and are perfectly satisfied with the "beheading" he has done so far. Those who have had their hands up to the elbows in the pocket of the government, forget in the martyrdom they imagine they suffer, that he only stands by his convictions is the true martyr. As far as we can see, the object of Mr. Tarte is to introduce business methods into government affairs. The Prince Edward Island Patron has the following article that is worthy of perusal:

"No man in the Laurier Cabinet is better abused than the Hon. J. I. Tarte. He is made the point of attack by nearly all the Conservative newspapers. When they desire to screen the depredations of their own political companions they pointed to Tarte or exhorted Mercier's bones. What definite charges they had against him we have never clearly understood, but we are told he is a bad man, yes bad enough to be associated with Thomas McGreevy, and then bad enough to expose that same McGreevy. We are of opinion that Mr. Tarte has not been "a burning and shining light" in the Liberal party, but it is refreshing to note his methods of doing business since becoming

Minister of Public Works. He actually gets down to the office about eight o'clock, think of it! and has surprised a few of his employees by dropping in on them before they had decided to put in the day. One morning he dropped into a room ahead of his deputy to find a dozen clerks gathered around an illustrated paper, another with his feet on the table enjoying the morning news, and out of the fifteen clerks in the room only one at work. The chap with his feet in the air coolly bade his new boss good morning without knowing whom he was addressing and when the deputy arrived and introduced Mr. Tarte, the consternation depicted on the countenances of these don't-care whether I-work-for-the-country-or-not-if-my-salary-comes-chaps can be better imagined than described.

It is said that there are scores of temporary clerks who have no duties to perform or neglect and who are simply hangers-on. If Mr. Tarte will wipe out these unnecessary salary-drawers he will win a good deal of credit from the people of Canada. The affairs of our country are in a desperate state, they could not possibly have been run upon a more unbusiness like basis. The country's interests were never for a moment considered as against those of partisan leaders who had a "pull" with the government. Much good can be accomplished by a thorough cleaning out of the different departments and all honor to the Ministers of the Crown or members of the Commons who help to rid Canada of the load of leeches under which she is struggling for political freedom.

## AS OTHERS SEE US.

Canada, with her unexcelled banking system, her assured fiscal policy and her well developed natural wealth, inferior to that of no other country, ought to be able to find employment for all the capital and manhood that Britain can send her.—*New York British-American.*

The above paragraph, although short, can well be made the text of an article on which we might say a great deal. Those of our citizens in the different walks of life enumerated in these few words, can testify of the truth of the statement. In casually glancing over our exchanges a short time ago, we were more than amazed at the fabulous wealth of that land across the sea. As to its population, the smallest school child is aware that the little island to which we pay homage contains as many souls as the length and breadth of our great Dominion. We say great because those who have represented us in the past have pictured its greatness with such soul stirring eloquence that an off spring possessed with anything but a heart of stone was bound to support that good old flag. Our children, even the smallest, look to the 24th of May as a holiday. Those of us who realize its significance consider vastly more. It is to the mature in local parlance the re-newing of old acquaintance, and annually the virtual pledging of allegiance to that crown and kingdom that has been a civilizing agent the world over. We believe the colony of Canada is one of the most loyal and at the same time one of the most advanced of the British possessions. We have only to refer to the Nile expedition and other times when their services were required, and we are open to confess that England has either been playing hypocrite or our politicians have been playing false. At the time that Cleveland issued his famous Venezuelan message, we read that millions of money were withdrawn from the United States. Presumably this money was invested, Canada at that time was ready and willing to defend British capital and British interests, and yet, as stated by the *British-American*, we have undeveloped natural wealth inferior to that of no other country, and British capital has nearly all gone to the United States. "No friendship in trade" is an old adage that springs from sheer selfishness and to dispel the feeling that has sprung up over the cattle quarantine and other trade matters, is a work for the present government that should be proceeded with at once. There are many opinions in Canada. Our system of education is bound to develop independent thoughts, and notwithstanding the Imperial Federationists and other Loyalists, we have a right to be assured of our friends, and if there is "no friendship in trade" let us deal where we can do the best.

## WHY OATS ARE LOW.

The most striking feature in connection with the general depression in farm produce is the extraordinary low price of oats. This cereal which usually brings from 30 to 35 cents per bushel, is now selling for less than half this figure. Being questioned as to the cause of the big drop in the price, Mr. James, the Deputy Minister of Agriculture, replied that it was the big crop and produced a mass of figures from the reports issued by his department, which go to sustain his statement in regard to the increase in the production of oats. These figures show that the area devoted to the growth of this crop in Ontario increased from 1,936,644 acres in 1893 to 2,373,309 acres in 1895, and that the yield increased from 58,584,529 bushels to 84,697,566 in the same period. An increase in the land under crop by 436,665 acres, and of 26,113,037 bushels in the yield is sufficient to account for a considerable falling off in prices. The figures given become more significant when the statistics relative to other crops are taken into account. The latter show that the acreage devoted to fall wheat has fallen off by one hundred and seventy thousand, and to spring wheat area by one hundred and thirty-three thousand acres in the two years under review. For this year the figures are not yet complete, but there can be no doubt that the disproportion between the areas devoted to oats and wheat are even more marked than for 1895. The fact is that farmers, finding wheat no longer profitable, have turned their attention to oats to such an extent that they have glutted the market for that cereal alone. But, while over production has had a great deal to do with the reduction in the price of oats there can be no doubt that a curtailment in consumption has also been an important factor in producing the change. There are not nearly so many horses in Ontario as there formerly were. The report of the Bureau of Industries shows that there were 688,814 horses on the farms of Ontario in 1892, and only 647,696 in 1895. Here was a decrease in farm horses alone of 41,118. But the decrease in the number of horses in cities and towns, of which particulars are not fully available, must have been very considerable. Since 1892 the street railway in Toronto, where 1,400 horses were formerly employed, has been converted into an electric system. Conversion has likewise taken place in Kingston, Hamilton, London, and on several minor roads. This cause alone accounts for a reduction by thousands in the number of horses in cities. The bicycle has also been engaged in driving the horse to the wall. It has supplanted man's old friend in the stable of the city physician and clergyman, and in scores of towns and cities it has almost destroyed the livery business. It is within the mark to say that the bicycle and electric railway, between them, have reduced the number of horses in urban localities by over 10,000, which, added to the reduction on the farm, makes a total reduction in the number for the whole province of over 50,000. Herein is an explanation of the drop in the price of oats. An increase in the crop by nearly fifty per cent. in two years and a decrease in the number of horses by nearly one-twelfth in three years is what accounts for a change that has added one more to the difficulties of the agriculturist.

# R. Bogue

COMPLETE STOCK OF Dry Goods, Hardware, Stoves and Tinware, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Paints and Oils, Blacksmith's Supplies, Chopped Feed, Flour, Flower Pots. New goods in all lines arriving. Ready-made Clothing at cost. Wheat and Oats always for sale. Bring the Cash where you can get almost anything you want.

... R. BOGUE.

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It is said that the Jews have at last had their revenge on Babylon. Nearly 2,500 years ago Babylon took their whole nation into captivity, but now two Jews have bought all that is left of the famous city.

Agriculture is a science that is now receiving due recognition. The highest institutions of learning are yielding at last to its rightful claims, and it is drawing to its study many of the brainiest men of the day.

A Chicago inventor claims he has perfected a plough operated by electricity, and a test was made last week, using power from one of the city trolley lines. It is claimed that about a half acre was ploughed evenly and deep. The inventor has not yet solved the problem how to have the motive power available on the ordinary farm.

A London journal says that for some time Mr. Gladstone has been going through the dozens of huge boxes in which he has carefully preserved his correspondence for years. A great many letters of little or no interest have been weeded out, but there still remain no less than 60,000 missives, which are tied up in bundles and carefully docketed.

The telephone is very useful, but it has recently been discovered that all sorts of business secrets leak out through its use. Those who have a telephone in their office must often have been struck by the fact that they can hear other people talking, and quite recently a leading business house discovered that a most important transaction had reached the ears of a rival firm. A great deal of trouble was taken to find out how the secret was obtained, and it was eventually discovered that the other firm had simply listened to the whole transaction through the telephone.

The foolishness of some people is well illustrated by a case tried before Judge Ryan a short time ago. Charlton, a farmer on the Portage Plains, ran cattle of his neighbor, Fletcher, into the pound because they had done him some damage. Fletcher had to pay the pound fees and then sued Charlton for illegal pounding. Charlton filed a counter claim for the amount of damage done by the cattle and both claims came before Judge Ryan, who found both parties entitled to succeed, Fletcher to \$9.50 for illegal pounding, and Charlton to \$10.00 for actual damage from the trespass. Against this decision Fletcher appealed, and Judge Bain, before whom the case came, dismissed the appeal with costs. Instead of resting satisfied with the judicial saw off order by Judge Ryan, one farmer has lost the costs of the first suit, the other has lost to a much heavier extent, and the lawyers have raked in a neat sum each out of the costs of the quarrel.

**"D. & L." MENTHOL PLASTER**

I have purchased Menthol Plaster in a number of cases of rheumatism and rheumatic pain, and with very much pleased with the effects and permanency of its application.—W. R. CARTER, Esq., M.D., Grand Rapids, Mich.

I have used Menthol Plaster in several cases of muscular rheumatism, and find in every case that it gives almost instant and permanent relief.—J. R. MOORE, M.D., Washington, D.C.

It cures Rheumatism, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Pains in Neck or Side, or any Muscular Pains.

Price 1/2 cent. D. & L. Menthol Plaster Co., Ltd., 25c. Sole Proprietors, MONTREAL.

The total output of gold in the United States in 1895 was approximately \$46,740,000. South Africa comes next and Australia third with \$15,835,000. Russia shows an increase in output over 1894 of \$7,350,000, the 1895 production being \$35,405,000. The estimated production of Mexico was \$5,835,000.

When flies become troublesome they can always be expelled by a very simple mixture. A half teaspoonful of black pepper, finely ground, should be mixed with double the quantity of brown sugar, the compound to be moistened with cream. The flies will generally eat greedily of this mixture if placed where they can easily reach it, but it will be their last meal, for the least taste of it is to a fly rank poison. If watched they will often be seen to drop dead within a few feet of the plate which they have just left, and some of the healthiest eaters do not live to leave the plate.

## James Brass

BRICK MANUFACTURER

Makes the only Red Brick in the Territories.

Manitoba Street, Moose Jaw

## BRUNSWICK HOTEL,

RIVER STREET WEST.

Thoroughly refitted and renovated in every department. House refurnished throughout.

ROOMS LIGHTED WITH ELECTRICITY.

First class Liquors and Cigars. Every convenience for the travelling public.

J. H. KERN, PROP.

## HITCHCOCK

&

## McCULLOCH,

BANKERS

AND

FINANCIAL

AGENTS.

MOOSE JAW.

Agents.—Bank of Montreal

## SAUNDERS ..

...THE...

CONFECTIONER.

Keeps a full stock of Fresh Goods always on hand.

## CIGARS!

Best Brands in the Market.

Ice Cream Parlors!

ALL KINDS OF  
SOFT DRINKS!

We also sell Riddell's Biscuits.

## PYNY-PECTORAL

Positively Cures  
COUGHS AND COLDS

In a surprisingly short time. It's a scientific certainty, tried and true, soothing and healing in its effects.

W. C. McCOMBES & SON,  
Bouchette, Que.  
Report in a letter that Pyny-Pectoral cured Mrs. C. Gosselin of chronic cold in chest and bronchitis, and also cured W. G. McCombes of a long-standing cold.

Ms. J. H. HURTY, Chemist,  
558 Yonge St., Toronto, writes:  
"As a general cough and lung remedy Pyny-Pectoral is a most invaluable preparation. It gives the utmost satisfaction to all who have tried it, many having spoken to me of the benefits derived from its use in their families. It is suitable for old or young, being pleasant to the taste. He who has used it has been wonderfully and I can always recommend it as a safe and reliable cough medicine."

Large Bottle, 25 Cts.  
DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD.  
Sole Proprietors  
MONTREAL

## PHOENIX SHAVING PARLOR.

FOR FIRST CLASS

Hair Cutting, Shaving, Shampooing, Seafoaming

GO TO—  
H. W. Carter,  
COR. MAIN & RIVER STS.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

## Ottawa Hotel.

Elaborately fitted up with latest improvements. Lighted throughout with electric light. Billiard hall and commercial rooms in connection. Every accommodation for the travelling public

Choice Liquors and Cigars.

R. H. W. HOLT,  
PROPRIETOR.

Hogs bought and sold. Fine Dressed Hogs on hand for sale.

Ask your Druggist for



## Murray & Lanman's

FLORIDA WATER  
A DAINTY FLORAL EXTRACT  
For Handkerchief, Toilet and Bath.

## OCEAN STEAMSHIPS

ROYAL MAIL LINES.

The Cheapest and Quickest  
—ROUTE—  
—To the—

## OLD - COUNTRY !

SAILING DATES.

FROM MONTREAL  
Mongolian—Allan Line.....Aug. 15  
Sardinian—Allan Line.....Aug. 22  
Scotian—Dominion Line.....Aug. 22  
Ottoman—Dominion Line.....Aug. 22  
Lake Winnipeg—Beaver Line.....Aug. 12  
Lake Ontario—Beaver Line.....Aug. 19

FROM NEW YORK  
Germanic—White Star Line.....Aug. 12  
Britannic—White Star Line.....Aug. 19  
St. Louis—American Line.....Aug. 12  
St. Paul—American Line.....Aug. 19  
State of Nebraska—Allan Line.....Aug. 21  
State of California—Allan Line.....Aug. 21  
Kensington—Red Star Line.....Aug. 12  
Westernland—Red Star Line.....Aug. 19  
Cabin, \$40, \$45, \$50, \$60, \$70, \$80. Intermediate, \$30 to \$35; Steerage \$24.50 and upwards.

Passengers ticketed through to all points in Great Britain and Ireland and at special low rates to all parts of the European continent. Prepaid passage arranged from all points.

J. K. STEVENSON, Agent,  
Moose Jaw.  
Or to WILLIAM STITT,  
General Agent,  
C.P.R. Office, Winnipeg.

WAGHORN'S GUIDE ON TRAINS AT BOOKSTORES 5c

OFFICIAL TIME TABLE WAGHORN'S GUIDE, 5c

WAGHORN'S GUIDE BY RAIL AND STREET 50c



## Church Directory.

**BAPTIST CHURCH.**  
Pastor—Rev. T. H. Bowring.  
Services—Sunday, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.  
Sunday School 2:30 p.m.; B. Y. P. U. Mon-  
day evening at 8 o'clock; Prayer meeting  
Thurs. eve. at 8 o'clock.  
All are cordially invited.

**PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.**  
Pastor—Rev. Mr. Cameron.  
Services—Sunday 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.  
Sunday School 2:30 p.m.; Monday, Y.P.S.  
C.E. at 8:00; Wednesday, Prayer Meeting,  
8:00.  
Everybody welcome.

**METHODIST CHURCH.**  
Pastor—Rev. T. Ferrier.  
Weekly Services—Sunday, preaching 11  
a.m. and 7 p.m.; Sunday School 2:30 p.m.;  
E. L. of C. E. Monday evening at 8 p.m.;  
Prayer Meeting Thursday evening at 8  
o'clock.  
The public are cordially invited. All  
seats free.

**CHURCH OF ST. JOHN THE BAPTIST.**  
(ANGELICAN.)  
Vicar—Rev. Wm. Watson.  
Sunday Services: Holy Eucharist 8:30  
and 11 alternately. Matins at 11. Evensong  
at 7. Special services Saturdays 7:30. Holy  
Baptism at any service.  
All seats free and everybody invited and  
welcome.

## GOLD AND SILVER.

### Ex-President Harrison Discusses the Monetary System.

Ever since the resumption of specie  
payments in 1879, the Treasury has  
paid gold for greenbacks when gold  
was demanded, and has redeemed, in  
the same way, the treasury notes issued  
under the Sherman Law. The  
Secretary of the Treasury has never  
exercised the discretion given him to  
redeem the latter notes in silver—holding  
that his discretion was limited to  
such a use of silver as would not de-  
stroy the parity of the gold and silver  
dollars. And our Secretaries have been  
right, I think, in holding that the  
parity of our gold and silver coins will  
be destroyed the moment the Govern-  
ment takes from the holder of a green-  
back or treasury note the election of  
the coin he will receive in exchange for  
it. If he wants gold, and silver is  
thrust upon him, the latter is de-  
preciated and the former appreciated.  
If the holder of a United States note  
cannot get gold at par for it, he will  
pay a premium for the gold; he must  
pay a premium for the gold obligation.  
A premium on gold would at once drive  
gold out of circulation, for a coin that  
is at a premium cannot be used in  
trade. No one is bound to pay gold to  
the Government for any tax or other  
debt due to it. So that practically  
the situation is this: The  
Treasury holds itself bound to give  
gold to everyone presenting a United  
States note, and has no way of com-  
pelling any one to pay gold to it. Such  
gold as it gets comes from persons who  
choose to take paper money for gold  
deposited at the mints or assay offices,  
or to pay in gold coin some government  
tax. Formerly all duties upon imports  
were payable only in gold. Now when  
the gold reserve gets low it can only be  
restored by the sale of bonds, under  
the powers given to the Secretary in  
the legislation relating to the resump-  
tion of specie payments.—*Ladies' Home  
Journal.*

### Agriculture in British Columbia.

Mr. Bostock, the member elect for  
the constituency of Cariboo, B.C., was  
down east a few weeks ago. Speaking  
of the agricultural industries in British  
Columbia, to an eastern press repre-  
sentative, Mr. Bostock said that there  
was a great deal of excellent farming  
and ranching land in the large num-  
ber of valleys throughout the Province,  
and the quantity and quality of the  
products were above the average. There  
were a number of drawbacks, however,  
to the settlement of the land. In the  
first place, large tracts of the best of  
it are in the hands of old-timers, who  
got possession before any restriction  
had been placed on the extent of pur-  
chase at a merely nominal price from  
the Provincial Government. This  
naturally prevents the settlement of a  
large number of those who would home-  
stead farms. Then, too, a dog-in-the-  
manger policy has been pursued with  
regard to the Dominion railway belt,  
which extends for twenty miles on each  
side of the main line of the C. P. R.  
This land is held at \$2.50 per acre, and  
only homesteads of 160 acres can be  
purchased by an individual. Great  
complaints are made regarding the  
dilatoriness in making the Dominion  
Government survey, and these com-  
plaints have become very acute, espe-  
cially in East Kootenay where many  
persons find themselves in the position  
of having taken up land ahead of the  
survey, and being in doubt as to where  
the survey lines may run. Much con-  
fusion is likely to arise in consequence  
of this. The already large amount of  
agricultural land in the Province might  
be materially increased, too, and, so  
Mr. Bostock says, will no doubt in  
future be increased by irrigation. The  
soil is excellent, and only requires this  
assistance from the labor and ingenuity  
of man to produce excellent results.  
The dry belts about Kamloops and  
Ashcroft are apt illustrations of this  
fact.

YOU'LL FIND IT IN WAGHORN'S GUIDE

## The Age of Fish.

Prof. Snelso says that the age of fish  
is almost unlimited. As to the length  
of life of fish, it is said that the ordi-  
nary carp, if not interfered with, would  
live about 500 years. He says there  
is now living in the Royal Aquarium,  
in Russia, several carp that are known  
to be over 600 years old, and that he  
had ascertained, in a number of cases,  
that whales live to be over 200 years  
old. The ordinary goldfish has also  
been known to live over a hundred  
years.

## For Warts.

The following information from an  
exchange is interesting, if reliable. At  
any rate it is cheap and simple: Warts  
may be removed by various means, but  
the simplest is as follows: Procure  
some of the best castor oil, and every  
night just before going to bed, rub a  
little of it into the surface of the wart;  
then take a soft cloth and dab it on  
the spot, so as to take away the super-  
fluous oil. This treatment must be  
continued regularly for several weeks,  
and in some cases the wart will die  
away, in others it can be pared off, as  
the roots will have shrivelled.

## A Good Time Coming.

A Pasteur Institute professor is  
visiting the United States with the ob-  
ject of exterminating rodents. Gophers,  
prairie dogs, squirrels and jack rabbits  
have become a pest in some of the  
Western States, and have proved very  
destructive to crops. The professor  
proposes to inoculate the rodents with  
the virus of some deadly disease which  
will be quickly communicated from one  
to another. In France this plan has  
been successfully tried to exterminate  
field rats. The professor claims that  
the virus will not be injurious to human  
beings or domestic animals. It is  
used on the same principle as poison.  
The virus is used in liquid form, and  
in its bits of bread or grain can be  
soaked and then scattered about the  
haunts of the animals. Like poison it  
kills the animals which eat it, but it  
works slowly, giving time to impart  
the infection to others of the same  
species. As gophers have proved  
somewhat destructive in some of our  
Western prairie sections, their experi-  
ment in disposing of rodents in the  
Western States will be watched with  
interest here.—*Commercial.*

## Wooden Frame Bicycles.

It is announced that the manufacture  
of wooden frame bicycles is soon to be  
begun in Illinois. An improved design  
has been prepared, which it is claimed,  
is more elastic than the wooden frame  
wheels. They can be built cheaply  
and look as good as high priced wheels.  
This wooden frame differs only slightly  
in appearance from the ordinary metal  
frame ones. It is not heavy, nor is it  
clumsy looking. The diamond frame  
is of one piece of bent wood. The  
steering column is of wood, the diam-  
ond frame being ingeniously connected  
with it. It has a wooden handle bar,  
the front fork, the rear fork and rear  
frame pieces are of wood, and rather  
larger than in metal frames, so as to  
be strong enough. The saddle is of  
carved wood. The connections are of  
phosphor bronze, and are so made that  
they can be tightened at any time, and  
the hubs and pedals and such small driving  
gear are made of metal as in other  
wheels. The frames are flexible and  
ride easy, and are said to stand usage  
remarkably well. The wheel can be  
made to sell at a comparatively low  
price, and on this account it is thought  
it will meet with success. Rock elm,  
hickory and other strong woods will be  
used, and will be filled and oiled.

## The Printer.

A printer is the most curious being  
living. He may have a "bank" and  
"coins" and not be worth a penny; have  
"small caps" and have neither wife  
nor children. Others may run fast but  
he gets along swifter by "setting" fast.  
He may make "impressions" without  
eloquence; may use the "type" without  
offending and be telling the truth; while  
others cannot "stand" while they  
"set" he can "set standing" and do  
both at the same time; have to use  
"furniture" and yet have no dwelling;  
may make and put away "pi" and  
never see a pig, much less eat it, during  
his whole life; be a human being and  
a "rat" at the same time; may "pre-  
s" a great deal and not ask a favor; may  
handle a "shooting iron" and know  
nothing about cannon, guns or pistols;  
he may use the "lever" that moves  
the world and yet be as far from mov-  
ing the globe as a hog under a mole-  
hill; spread "sheets" without being a  
housewife; may lay his "form" on a  
"bed" and yet be obliged to sleep on  
the floor; he may use the "dagger"  
without shedding blood, and from the  
"rolling" disposition and yet have no  
desire to travel; he may have a  
"sleep's foot" and not be deformed;  
never be without a "case," and know  
nothing of law or physics; be always  
"correcting" his errors and be growing  
worse every day; have his "form  
locked up" and at the same time be  
free from jail or any other confinement;  
he might be plagued with the "devil"  
and be a Christian of the best kind.

BY RAIL, ST. JOHN'S, WAGHORN'S GUIDE

## Preocious Printers.

A Wyoming paper tells of a six-year-  
old boy who sets type. He can't write,  
so when he wants to send a letter to  
any of his friends he sets it up and  
prints it. This reminds us of the off-  
spring of a New York printer, who  
before he could walk or talk made his  
wants known to his parents by mark-  
ing out a "lower case" on the floor  
and by pointing out the different boxes,  
spelled out words to express his desires.  
—*Union Printer.*

## An Embarrassing Conversation.

A good joke is related at the expense  
of a modest young Dakota newspaper  
man, which is going the rounds and is  
credited to "Ex." It is to the effect  
that the publisher of the pencil went out  
to report a party the other evening  
where the home had been recently  
blest with a baby. Accompanied by  
his best girl he met the hostess at the  
door, and after the usual salutations  
asked after the new baby's health. The  
lady, who was quite deaf, and suffering  
with the gripple, thought he was asking  
about her cold, and told him that  
though she usually had one every  
winter this was the worst one she ever  
had; it kept her awake at night and  
confined her to her bed. Then noticing  
that the scribe was getting pale and  
nervous, she said she could tell by his  
looks that he was going to have one  
just like hers, and asked him to go in  
and sit down. The paper was out as  
usual the next week, but the local  
editor has quit enquiring about babies.

## A Tiger With A Glass Eye.

Every menagerie and zoological gar-  
den has its doctor, surgeon and dentist  
to look after the many ills that wild  
beasts in captivity are heir to. At  
Stuttgart, Germany, the services of an  
eminent oculist were recently in-  
voked on behalf of a tiger from the  
Bengal jungle. The beast had been  
suffering for a long time with an in-  
curable affection of the eye. Removal  
of the optic was determined upon. In  
the operation cocaine was used, chloro-  
form being out of the question, as  
members of the feline race succumb  
very easily to its fumes. Several  
strong keepers were called in to hold  
the animal down during the operation.  
He was bound and muzzled. During  
the cutting open of the lid—an opera-  
tion which was necessary to loosen  
the sinews—the tiger showed little un-  
easiness, but it evidently suffered much  
when the muscles and the nerves of  
the eye were cut through. Immediately  
after the operation the animal be-  
came very much relieved. A tiger  
with one eye is an uncanny looking  
object. A week later, when the wound  
had healed, a glass eye with a proper  
expression of ferocity was introduced  
into the cavity. This seemed to cause  
the tiger much uneasiness and per-  
plexity, and he sat for hours endeavor-  
ing to rub out the glass optic. The  
eye was specially constructed from  
measurements made of the one taken  
out. It is the first instance on record  
of a wild animal being supplied with  
an artificial eye.

## Stony Beach.

On Thursday, July 30th, about twenty or  
so of our settlers, and their wives, drove  
over to Buffalo Lake, in response to a kind  
invitation extended to them by Mrs. Wm.  
Downs, to spend the day with her. They  
arrived about ten in the morning and at  
once proceeded to examine the well-kept  
garden, which covers about twelve acres of  
ground, and were all amazed at the rapid  
growth of the different cereals. They had  
only got about half through this most pleas-  
ing part of their visit, when dinner was an-  
nounced, and all returned to the house and  
sat down to a sumptuous spread, prepared  
in Mrs. Downs' usual good style. It would  
be impossible to enumerate the many good  
things; suffice it to say that it was a rare  
treat to all present, who showed their ap-  
preciation not so much by kind words as by  
the way they made away with the many  
delicious dishes. After dinner, boating on  
the lake was indulged in for a time, and  
those who came from near Ontario lakes or  
rivers were reminded of the good old times  
spent in their former homes. During the  
day Mr. Downs' large herd of thoroughbred  
cattle received the attention of the farmers,  
while their better halves were sampling Mrs.  
Downs' large assortment of preserves. After  
enjoying a hearty supper, they began to  
think it time to commence the long journey  
home. After taking leave of their kind  
hosts, and expressing their heart-felt  
thanks for the day's entertainment, they  
started on the return trip.

The Presbyterian congregation were greatly  
disappointed in the non-appearance of  
their minister Sunday last. The Sunday  
School Superintendent proposed to sing  
a hymn and then go home. The choir started  
that old familiar hymn, "I'm Going Home  
to-morrow," but very soon they changed  
their minds and went home the same day.

G. M. Annable, of Moose Jaw, arrived  
here on Saturday with a bunch of about one  
hundred head of cattle, and rested over Sun-  
day. He is representing the Moose Jaw  
cattle part of the district where he had  
been on a trading expedition.

Mr. John Poyser cut about eight acres of  
wheat on Friday last. It took about three  
pounds of time to the acre, which is con-  
sidered very good. He expects his crop to  
yield about thirty-five bushels per acre.

Mr. Wm. Croft, rancher of Qu'Appelle  
Valley, was a guest of Mr. Andrew Hagerty  
on Sunday last.  
Mr. J. Fenwick, better known in these  
parts as "Swift," has just returned from a  
three week's visit at the ranch of Mr. D.  
Boan, at Old Wives Lake. Say "Swift,"  
what keeps you away so long?  
The barley in this locality has all been  
harvested, and the farmers are now engaged  
in tearing down the wheat, which keeps the  
binder busy kicking out the sheaves.  
Edmund Hagerty has got his blood colts  
broke to drive nicely, and with his top bag-  
gy and silver mounted harness cuts quite a  
dash.  
HAWKAY.

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ity as this Pain-Killer.  
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South American Nervine Tonic, Built up the  
Nervous Organism, and Gave Back to the  
Wearied and Exhausted Nerve-Centres their  
Wanted Vigor.



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family of LaBodie have been promi-  
nently identified with the legal and pro-  
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of active, intellectual men, whose am-  
bition to rise to prominence meant a  
constant drain upon the nerve forces  
and a tremendous demand for brain  
power. Mr. Adolphe LaBodie, B.C.L.,  
J.P., etc., has for seventeen years been  
actively engaged in the legal profes-  
sion, living, as the duties of intellec-  
tual men of this fast age demand,  
beyond the reserve limit of natural  
nerve force, requiring more of the  
nerve centres at the base of the brain  
than they can possibly fulfil, which  
always results in nervous prostration,  
dyspepsia, hot flashes, insomnia,  
constipation, and attendant evils.

Mr. LaBodie spared neither time  
nor money to obtain relief, went to  
Europe for special treatment, all to no  
purpose. His attention being directed  
to South American Nervine Tonic,  
he concluded to try it. Result—im-  
mediate relief from insomnia, and a  
perfect and permanent cure from all  
other disorders, with but five bottles  
of the Nervine.

Mr. Adolphe LaBodie, under date  
of April 27th, writes from Montreal:  
—"I was suffering from insomnia and  
nervous debility; prostration and  
exhaustion, rather than rest, followed  
a night's experience. I took five  
bottles of South American Nervine,  
and am wholly recovered, and now  
enjoy restful nights. I have tried  
many remedies, have been treated in  
Europe, and can say with truthful em-  
phasis that the South American nerve-  
line has cured me."

There is reason in all things: busi-  
ness reasons in business, truthful  
reasons in truth. Mr. LaBodie's  
statement herewith is the truth for  
reason why, if South American Nervine  
Tonic cured him, it will cure you. It  
is the nerve builder for brain work-  
ers. Brain and stomach cannot both  
work at the same time with healthful  
and happy issues. One must suffer.  
Intense intellectual activity produces  
indigestion because the brain is con-  
suming all the nerve power. South  
American Nervine Tonic holds nature  
to a happy poise, and life and its  
duties swing to fruitful success.

For Sale by **W. W. BOLE,**  
Moose Jaw, N.W.T.







## YOUNG FOLKS.

Are you a chess player? asked the landlord of a prospective tenant. I much prefer to have my houses occupied by chess players.

No, I am not a chess player, and I can't account for such a singular preference.

It is simple enough. Chess players move so seldom, and only after great deliberation.

One cause of failure to realize a profit in the dairy is due to the small amount of the milk secured. Some of the cows may be extra milkers and give a high yield both in quality and quantity that will make her a profitable cow to keep, but in very many cases a sufficient number of poorer animals will be kept that yield hardly a sufficient amount of milk to pay for their keep, and the consequence is that taken altogether dairying does not pay.

In nearly all cases large yields per animal means a less cost in making them. That is, the man that has cows that will give a yield of milk from which 400 pounds of butter can be made will be able to put his butter on the market at a less cost than one that

"Do you have any idea how many tons of coal you burn each winter?" "No; but I burn much I say for."

his uncle after all. He slipped home and found the house in a great state.

perts can tell where the growth begins and ends for the year.

Because, my love, there's nothing in it!



# Tried and ...Proven

That our extract of VINEGAR is Fifty Per Cent. cheaper than any other vinegar to be had. That it is the purest and most wholesome vinegar in the world. That any kind of pickles whatever put down with our vinegar will keep indefinitely. 25 cents a pint—will make 7 pints of vinegar.

Who will be lucky enough to get the last baby carriage in stock at a bargain? Its a beauty.

Latest arrivals—Crinkled Tissue Paper (first quality cripe), Pasteur Filters, Florida Water, 50 cts. a bottle.

Toiled soap is still our specialty.

# W. W. BOLE.

The Moose Jaw Times.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 14, 1896.

## LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS.

Men's kid hats \$1 at T. W. R.

Mr. A. Hitchcock paid the Capital a visit this week.

Ed. Hunt has returned from Winnipeg and is again on duty.

Jno. Fletcher and Alex. Morrison arrived home on Saturday morning.

Mr. A. M. Fenwick returned home on Tuesday morning from Whitewood.

Mr. Thos. Lewis, C.P.R. line repairer, of Estevan, was in town on Wednesday.

A large number of deaths from excessive heat are reported this week from New York and St. Louis.

Colin Fraser, an Edmonton trader, sold a lot of furs to the Hudson Bay Co. for the handsome sum of \$19,800.

A number of our townspeople enjoyed a very pleasant evening at a dance in Russell Hall, on Monday last.

A. L. Johnston, of Winnipeg, was here for a few days this week, representing the Ames, Holden Co., the boot and shoe men, of Montreal.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Martin, of Regina, and Mr. A. D. Ferguson, of Wolsley, were passengers on Tuesday's No. 2, en route home from Calgary.

Miss Jessie Rothwell, of Regina, was a passenger on Sunday's Soo train en route to Gainsborough, to resume her duties in the public school there, after the holidays.

Mr. W. W. Bole returned from Calgary on Sunday evening, where he had been attending the annual meeting of the Pharmaceutical Association of the North West Territories, which was convened there last Thursday. None but routine business was transacted, and last year's officers will hold office for another year.

A report comes from Edmonton to the effect that about fifty indignant settlers of St. Albert joined hands in throwing the house and furniture of L. Come into a lake. Come "jumped" land between what was high water mark in the old days and where water is now. Inspector Snyder took four men to the scene, wired Fort Saskatchewan for an additional detachment of police.

A meeting of the baseball club was held in Mr. R. L. Slater's store on Monday evening last, when Mr. Con. Leary was appointed president, and Mr. Chas. Prosser captain for the balance of the year. A vote of thanks was tendered the President for his kindness in purchasing the new baseball outfit. Another meeting of the club will be held at the same place on Monday evening next, at 20 o'clock. A large attendance is requested as important business will be brought before the meeting.

A young man by the name of Bishop, hailing from Sinaluta, came to town a short time ago, and was in the employ of G. M. Annable. On Wednesday he invested all his capital in a revolver and before the day was over succeeded in shooting a hole through the palm of his hand. It appears that he had been practicing with it and forgot to adjust the hammer when he stopped. While in the yards of Wilson & McDonald's livery stable he was again handling it, and carelessly placed his left hand over the barrel. The revolver went off, and the bullet passed through the palm of his hand then through a board fence, and hit a small boy on the breast. Fortunately it did not have sufficient velocity to do much damage, and only inflicted a small flesh wound.

Straw hats reduced to clear. T. W. R. Mr. Flint, of Montreal, gave us a friendly call on Tuesday.

Fireman Adam Hobkirk returned from Winnipeg on Sunday morning.

Mrs. Burnett has returned to town after a few weeks spent on the ranche at Chaplin.

J. H. Grayson has returned home from his trip east, after an absence of about two months.

Mr. Griffith, representing the McAlpin Tobacco Co., of Toronto, was in town last Saturday.

Wm. McCracken, of the C. P. R. train dispatchers' staff, has been transferred to Broadview.

Considerable hail fell at Caron during the storm of Sunday evening, but fortunately the crops escaped injury.

Miss Jennie and Miss Lizzie McCarter propose leaving for the coast early next week to join their parents.

Mr. Geo. H. Greig, editor of the western edition of the Farmers' Advocate, was in town on Tuesday, and gave THE TIMES a fraternal call.

Mrs. Stubbings, and daughter, of Winnipeg, who are returning from a trip to the coast, stopped off here over Tuesday, and were the guests of Mayor Bogue.

Mr. W. G. Pettigell, of Regina, was a passenger on Sunday's No. 2, returning from the Pharmaceutical Association meeting which was held at Calgary last week.

C. F. Thompson and S. J. Hunt, of Toronto; J. S. Hogan, of Hamilton; J. McMaster and F. H. Agnew, of Winnipeg, were among the visitors to our town this week.

Dr. Size, dentist, of Regina, arrived in town from the south Sunday morning, and proceeded to Regina the same evening. The Dr. reports the crop prospects in the Souris district as being excellent.

Rev. Wm. Watson, vicar of St. John's church, went down to Regina on Tuesday evening to attend the meeting of the Synod of the church of England in Rupert's Land, which met on Wednesday. He returned this morning.

In the last issue of the North West Territories Gazette notice is given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly at the next session, for the incorporation of the Western Stock Growers' Association. The object of this Association, and the purpose for which incorporation is desired, is to advance the interests of stock growers in the North-West Territories.

A gentleman coming from the west this morning says that Conductor W. F. Elson, of the C.P.R., Moose Jaw division, has made a lucky hit at mining. He purchased a quarter share in a mine in Rossland county which has turned out so rich that Mr. Elson has been offered \$50,000 to sell out. He, however, refused the offer. Mr. Elson is well known in Winnipeg, and is a nephew of Mr. W. Elson, of the C. P. mail department.—*Medicine Hat News.*

All the farmers who have been in town and many persons who have driven through the district this week unite in reporting that the crop prospect was never better in the history of the country. The warm days and cool nights of the past week have been very favorable for growing No. 1 hard. Nearly all the barley is harvested, and several farmers have already cut some of their wheat. Harvesting, however, will not be general for a week or ten days yet.

Li Hung Chang, China's grand old man, will visit Canada as the guest of the Dominion Government, toward the end of the present month. He is on his return trip from a visit to England, France and Russia, and was offered facilities to sail from San Francisco to China, but he preferred the Canadian route and will therefore pass through Moose Jaw on his way home. He will leave Southampton by steamer St. Louis, on August 22nd, and will enter Canada from New York, at Niagara Falls, and spend a day at Ottawa, proceeding thence straight through to Vancouver, sailing on the Canadian Pacific steamer on Sept. 13 or 14.

WILCOX.—On Thursday, Aug. 13th, the wife of Mr. A. Wilcox, of the C.P.R., of a daughter.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER MOST PERFECT MADE. A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

See T. W. Robinson's dollar window. Henry M. Stanley, the explorer, has recovered from his recent illness.

Mrs. Jno. England and daughter, of Regina, were the guests of Mrs. L. H. McDonald this week.

Mrs. Jeff Jackson returned home on Saturday from visiting friends at Broadview and Ignace.

Money to loan on town property at a low rate of interest. Apply to SEYMOUR GREEN, Moose Jaw.

Miss E. M. Burnett returned home from Winnipeg on Wednesday morning, and has resumed her duties on the public school staff.

A petition to the Federal Government, praying for further restrictions of Chinese immigration to Canada, is being circulated in British Columbia and is being largely signed.

At a meeting of the teachers and officers of the Presbyterian Sunday School, it was decided to hold their annual picnic on Saturday, August 29th, on the grounds south of town.

Mr. Jas. H. Ross, M.L.A. for this district, and resident member of the Executive Committee, is at present in Ottawa, on business in connection with Territorial affairs. Mrs. Ross accompanied him.

Dr. Robertson, Superintendent of the Home Missionary work of the Presbyterian church, arrived in town on Saturday morning over the Soo line, and proceeded east on No. 2 the same evening.

Mr. J. McKee, of Stonewall, Man., who has been engaged by the School Board as teacher of the senior intermediate department, arrived on Tuesday morning and commenced his duties on the opening of the school.

Now that the time for filing election protests is past, it is interesting to learn that the petitions entered against Conservatives is almost 3 to 1 as compared with those entered against Liberals. The figures are 45 to 16.

The Winnipeg Trades and Labor Council have decided that Labor Day will be celebrated on Sept. 7th by the holding of a monster picnic at Elm park. A large programme of sports will be provided as well as special attractions.

Judge McGuire has decided in a case tried at Prince Albert, that under the N. W. school ordinance a Roman Catholic had no option as to what school he should pay his taxes, but must pay them to the Roman Catholic separate school if there was one.

An agricultural exchange asks "How can we prevent cider from working?" and a large number of Territorial newspapers have recommended getting it a government position. That might have affected the desired object two months ago, but it should be remembered that things have changed since Tartie became boss.

The following is the latest composition of the new House of Commons: 63 lawyers, 33 farmers, 26 merchants, 21 physicians, 19 gentlemen, 12 manufacturers, 10 journalists, 6 mill owners, 3 contractors, 2 real estate agents, 2 surgeons, 1 veterinary surgeon, 1 town ship clerk, 1 financial agent, 1 insurance manager, 1 banker, 1 ship owner, 1 rancher, 1 oil refiner, 1 printer, and 1 civil engineer. The lawyers and gentlemen combined form nearly two fifths of the House.

Once more Lord Mountstephen and Sir Donald Smith have remembered the sick and afflicted of Montreal, the city in which a good part of their fortunes were made. In the first place these gentlemen gave \$1,000,000 to found the Royal Victoria Hospital. Of this sum \$800,000 has been spent on the building, leaving \$200,000 as an endowment fund. It is learned that Lord Mountstephen and Sir Donald have given \$800,000 more, bringing the endowment fund up to the handsome sum of \$1,000,000, thus ensuring the success of the hospital for all time to come.

A lady asks us whether etiquette requires one to knock at the door of an editor's sanctum before entering. We hasten to reply: If you are coming to pay your subscription or bring in a nice, juicy item of news, don't stop to knock, but just walk right in as if you owned the place. If, on the other hand, you are out on a collecting tour, you should first make the fact known through the window, and then knock at the door until the editor opens it. You may sink down from exhaustion before he does so, but you will be adhering to printing office etiquette that is bound to please the average editor.—*Exchange*

The Toronto World says Prof. Robertson has a scheme for tree planting on a large scale. Trials would at least demonstrate the effect of forest areas on the rainfall. He proposes that strips, at least fifty yards wide and ten miles long, should be planted a mile apart at right angles to the railway track. He thinks the railway companies, the Hudson Bay Company and the Dominion Government should unite to carry out this plan, the cost of which, including planting and five years of supervision, would not be more than 50 cents an acre of the land enclosed within these forest belts.

New fall suitings arriving at R. L. Slater's.

Mrs. Gilbraith left for North Portal Wednesday evening.

Mrs. D. S. McNamill intends leaving shortly for British Columbia.

Mrs. Cameron, wife of Rev. J. C. Cameron, is expected to arrive from Sinaluta shortly.

Mr. O. Olafson, who has been visiting friends in Winnipeg, returned to town on Wednesday.

James Middagh, of W. W. Bole's drug store, is spending his holidays in the country south of town.

Mrs. H. Beiford left last evening on a two month's visit to friends at Peterborough and other Ontario cities.

Manitoba's wheat crop will not equal last year's, a good deal of the grain being damaged by rust and hail.

E. A. Elton, of Calgary; E. W. Glover and Wm. C. Clevly, of Winnipeg, registered at the dining hall on Saturday.

The Conservatives of Queen's and Sherbourne have decided to oppose the election of Hon. A. G. Blair, Minister of Railways and Canals.

Considerable dissatisfaction is manifested by certain members of the Council, owing to the way the ditching on Manitoba street has been done.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Cowan returned from an extended trip in California, on Tuesday evening. Mr. Cowan is much improved in health, but is still very weak.

The Calgary Herald suggests that as there is nothing for the police to do in that good town the whole force might be advantageously transferred to Winnipeg.

Queen Victoria has expressed to the Emperor of Japan her sympathy with the sufferers from the tidal wave in that empire. The loss of life was 26,999; nearly as many were injured. 7,475 houses being wrecked.

The Edmonton Board of Trade have received a free railway pass for one of their number to go to British Columbia to obtain latest information about markets and prices obtainable for produce.

The Grand Trunk, it is understood, will adopt the Gould automatic brake on all new freight cars and those that will be repaired in the future. It is estimated that 3,000 brakes will be required.

Owing to bad health, the Rev. John Hogg, pastor of St. Giles Presbyterian church, Winnipeg, is about to resign his pastorate and take up his residence in Texas. Mr. Hogg has been in charge of St. Giles church since its organization.

In a letter to the Winnipeg Board of Trade, John Bins, of Chicago, suggests that an international exhibition be held at Toronto next year, in honor of the 60th anniversary of Queen Victoria's reign, and the visit of the Duke of York to Canada.

The professional four oared race for the championship of the world, which took place at Halifax a few days ago, was won by the Canadian crew composed of Gaudaur, Durman, Hackett, and Rogers. The English boat was second, two lengths behind.

Recently a train of 70 cars, all loaded with wheat, was hauled over the Pennsylvania lines from Erie to Baltimore. The train was equipped throughout with air brakes, and is said to have been the longest thus operated in the history of railroading.

Yesterday morning a young son of Mr. Robert Elson, a farm living near Moose Jaw, was thrown of a horse and received a broken arm and severely bruised shoulder. He received medical attention shortly afterwards and his speedy recovery is earnestly hoped for.

Mrs. and Miss Blake, who have been visiting Mrs. J. C. Hamilton for the past few weeks, return east to-morrow, having spent a very pleasant time in Moose Jaw. Mrs. Hamilton will accompany them as far as Regina, where they will stop off a day on their return trip.

Jas. Cline's fire-guarding outfit, who are ploughing the C.P.R. fire guards from Swift Current to Indian Head, reached Moose Jaw last Saturday on their return trip from Swift Current. They left again on Monday, and will go as far as Indian Head, returning to Moose Jaw in about two weeks.

North Grey Conservatives met in convention at Owen Sound on Saturday afternoon and unanimously selected James McLaughlin, wholesale biscuit manufacturer, as their candidate in the forthcoming election. Hon. Wm. Patterson, controller of customs, received the Liberal nomination on Friday. The fight promises to be an interesting one.

A peculiar incident happened here on Sunday last. Engineer Jas. Caslake received a telegram from Rat Portage requesting him to come at once as his father was not expected to live, and shortly afterwards his fiancée, Wm. Hymans, also received a telegram from Dominion City, announcing the death of his father. Both left on Sunday evening's train for the east.

BY RAIL, FROM LAKE, WAGHORN'S GUIDE

Men's pants \$1, summer coats \$1. T. W. Robinson.

Mr. Jno. Tucker, of Moosomin, is in town to day.

The Dominion House of Commons meets on Wednesday, the 19th inst.

The International Hotel at Maple Creek was destroyed by fire a few days ago.

Messrs. L. Chilcott and D. F. Dickinson of Winnipeg, were in town on Saturday.

A very enjoyable private picnic was held on the grounds south of town on Saturday afternoon last.

Hon. Ed. Blake is one of the committee of fifteen appointed to investigate into South African affairs.

The two Miss Millers, of Medicine Hat, who have been visiting with Mrs. J. Gallagher for a few days, returned home Wednesday morning.

On the cover page of the Farmers' Advocate for Aug. 5th is an engraving of the Hon. Sidney A. Fisher, the new Canadian Minister of Agriculture.

The Board of Works Committee met in the clerk's office on Monday evening and let the contract for ditching Main street, on both sides, from River street to High street. Mr. Martin Burns was awarded the contract, his tender being the lowest.

In a composition on boys, a little girl says: "The boy is not an animal yet they can be heard at a considerable distance. When a boy hollers he opens his beg mouth like frogs, but girls hold their tongue until they are spoken to, and then they answer and tell just how it was. A boy thinks he is clever because he can wade where it is deep, but God made the dry land and rested on the seventh day. When the boy grows up he is called a husband, and then he stops wading any stays out nights, but the grew up girl is a widow and keeps house."

## MOOSE JAW MARKETS.

Wheat, No. 2	\$ 40
Oats	12
Potatoes (green)	50
Apples (new) per lb.	6
Onions, per lb.	5
Onions, per bushel	2 00
Cheese, per lb.	10
Bacon, "	10
Lard, "	12 1/2
Butter, "	12 1/2
Eggs, per doz	10

## Provincial Building & Loan Association OF TORONTO

Registered for business in North-West Territories, May, '93.

Loan Money on first mortgages, improved real estate, at 6 per cent. Principal and interest payable monthly. The feature of this association is that they give both investors and borrowers a definite contract. Obtain one of their readable pamphlets and see for your self how easy it is to become your own landlord by a payment of little, if any, more than paying rent.

SEYMOUR GREEN, Agent, Moose Jaw.

## Canadian Pacific RAILWAY.

Special Weekly Excursions

TO...

Banff and  
Glacier

COMMENCING  
JULY 28TH, '96

Ridiculously low rates. Excursion rates east, choice of routes going and returning, including the famous Mackinaw, without extra cost.

Lake Steamers leave Fort William

WEDNESDAY FOR... WINDSOR  
THURSDAY FOR... OWEN SOUND  
SUNDAY FOR... OWEN SOUND

Connecting trains from Moose Jaw on Thursday, Tuesday and Friday

Apply for summer tour book to J. K. STEVENSON, Agent, Moose Jaw, or to ROBERT KERR, Traffic Manager, Winnipeg.

# CLOTHING CLOTHING CLOTHING

FOR...

Men, Boys, and Children

Special Clothing Sale for the Balance of this Month only.

Commencing to-morrow we will offer from our large and high class stock of clothing the greatest inducements and grandest bargains ever offered to the public here. We find our stock far too large and it must be reduced, hence the sacrifice which will be made. Here are a few of the proofs, and yours if you want them.

## FOR OUR MEN

Black and blue fine wool serge suits, well worth \$6.00, we're going to clear them out at \$3.95; men's Canadian tweed suits in stripes and checks, good for any English or American money to the size of \$7.00, your pick of 'em at \$4.50 a suit! Men's all-wool Canadian dark tweed suits at \$6.50. This is as fine a suit as you'll wish to wear and is worth almost double the price, but we won't hang on to them. In men's English and Scotch tweed, serge and worsted suits we can show some of the greatest snaps that you ever had the privilege of seeing.

## BOYS' SUITS.

Boys' three piece suits in serges and tweeds, \$3.50, well worth \$5.00, boys' all-wool Canadian and imported tweeds in plain and mixed colors, nothing to equal them for less than \$6.00 and \$7.00; we've put them down to \$4.00 and \$5.00.

## CHILDREN'S CLOTHING.

Children's two piece suits in blue serges and fancy tweeds \$2.00—good value at \$3.00; children's fine mixed tweed suits, plaid back and front, little beauties, regular price \$4.00—well worth it too—to-morrow's price \$3.00. All other lines in boys' suits at cut prices in proportion.

## PANTS.

Men's Canadian tweed pants \$1.10. These are good and are generally sold for \$1.50 to \$1.75. Men's all-wool tweed pants \$1.25, worth \$2.00; men's fine black worsted pants \$2.90 equal to any \$4.00 pants. Men's old vests, assorted tweeds, 90 cts.; men's old vests, black worsteds, \$1.25.

Remember the prices are for cash only. Know a good thing when you see it.

M. J. MacLEOD.

## FRESH FRUIT.

This season I have received the sole agency for all kinds of British Columbia fruit and am now prepared to fill all orders, large or small, at prices which do not admit of competition. A car load to arrive in a few days, so send in your order at once, and get your winter supply fresh. Prices per box of 20 pounds, \$1.25, \$1.35, and \$1.50. These prices are for cash only.

.....Thos. Healey.

## Special

Bargains

—IN—

## CLOTHING

—TO ALL—

At R. L. Slater's

Merchant Tailor.

WAGHORN'S GUIDE